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Inspector General

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Department of Defense





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WHISTLEBLOWER REPRISAL INVESTIGATION (b)(0), (b)(7)(C)

I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

We conducted this investigation in response to an allegation that Rear Admiral (RDML) Brian L. Losey, U.S. Navy, Commander of Special Operations Command Africa (SOCAF),

Stuttgart, Germany, relieved (b)(0),(b)(7)(c)

, from his position as (b)(0),(b)(7)(c)

, because RDML Losey suspected Complainant of filing an anonymous Inspector General (IG) complaint against him.

We found that there was an anonymous IG complaint; that RDML Losey had actual knowledge of the complaint and suspected Complainant of making the disclosure; that RDML Losey took an unfavorable personnel action against Complainant when he relieved him from his position as on an another position commensurate with his rank; and that the same personnel action would not have been taken absent the protected communication.

We concluded that RDML Losey viewed the complaint as a personal attack against him and reprised against Complainant in violation of Title 10, United States Code, Section 1034, as implemented by DoD Directive 7050.06, "Military Whistleblower Protection."

By letter dated November 29, 2012, we provided RDML Losey the opportunity to comment on a preliminary report of investigation. In his response, dated January 11, 2013, RDML Losey disagreed with our conclusions that he suspected Complainant of making the protected disclosure and reprised against him. After carefully considering RDML Losey's response, we amended various sections of the report, but did not alter our original conclusion.¹

We recommend the Secretary of review review Official Military Personnel File to ensure no harm to his promotion potential occurred as a result of his reassignment.

We also recommend the Secretary of the Navy take appropriate action against RDML Losey for reprising against Complainant.

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¹ While we have included what we believe is a reasonable synopsis of RDML Losey's response, we recognize that any attempt to summarize risks oversimplification and omission. Accordingly, we incorporated RDML Losey's comments where appropriate throughout this report and provided a copy of his full response to the cognizant management official together with this report.

II. BACKGROUND

Complainant served as Command Africa (SOCAF) Stuttgart, Germany. SOCAF is a joint service special operations component of Headquarters (HQ) Africa Command (AFRICOM).

The responsible management official (RMO), Rear Admiral (RDML) Brian L. Losey, U.S. Navy, has been the Commander of SOCAF since June 21, 2011.

Two anonymous IG complaints were filed against RDML Losey in July and November 2011. RMDL Losey was notified of the July complaint on September 16, 2011. From September through November 2011, RDML Losey tried to learn who filed the complaints. On November 28, 2011, RDML Losey relieved Complainant from his position as (b)(0),(b)(7)(C)

Complainant alleged that he was relieved because RDML Losey suspected him of making one or both of the IG complaints.

III. SCOPE

IV. STATUTORY AUTHORITY

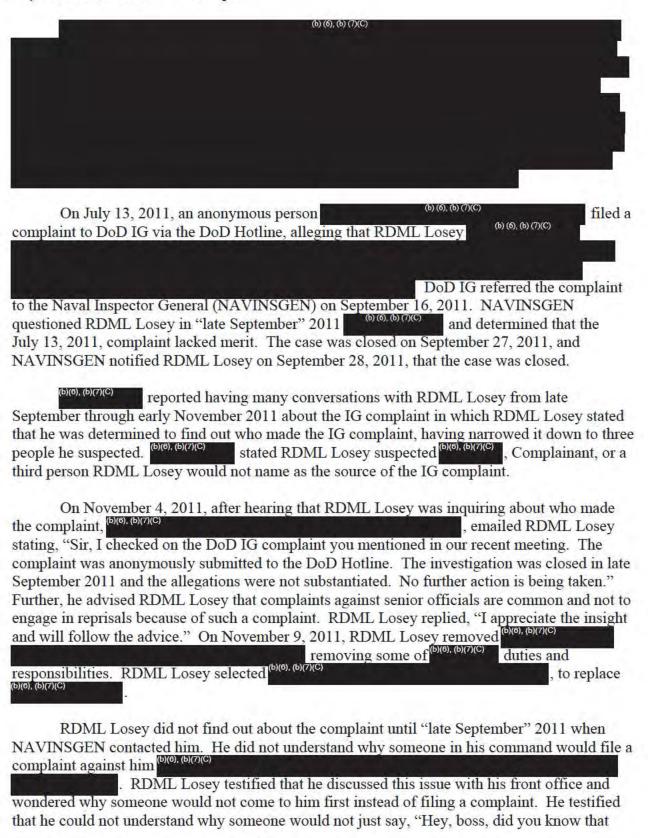
The Department of Defense Inspector General (DoD IG) conducted this whistleblower reprisal investigation pursuant to Title 10, United States Code, Section 1034 (10 U.S.C. 1034), "Protected communications; prohibition of retaliatory personnel actions," which is implemented by DoD Directive 7050.06, "Military Whistleblower Protection."

V. FINDINGS AND ANALYSIS

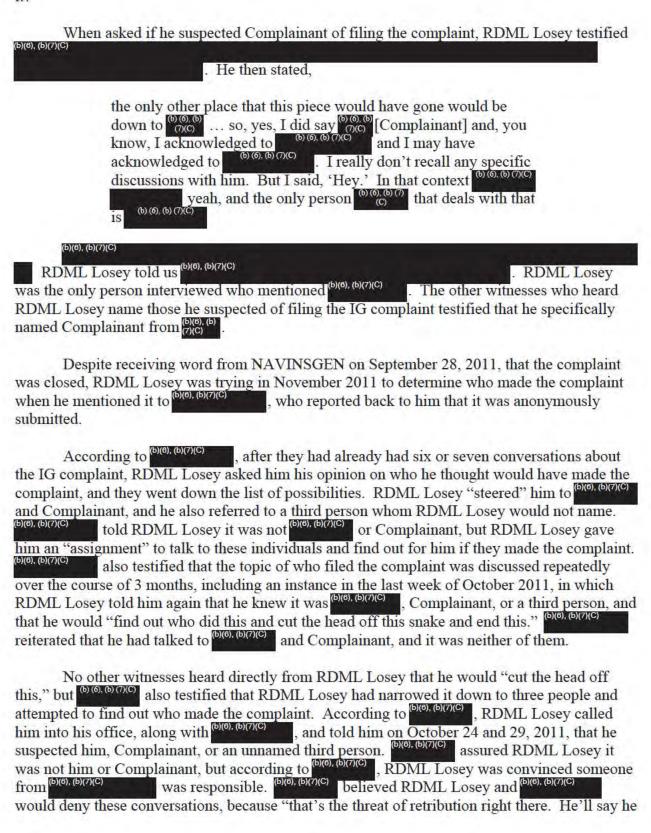
A. Did Complainant make a protected communication? Yes.

Complainant was suspected of making the July 13, 2011, complaint to the DoD Hotline which is described below. Although Complainant was not actually the source of the Hotline complaint, a military member is protected from reprisal for a communication he is suspected of making, as long as the communication at issue would be protected under the statute.

July 13, 2011, DoD Hotline Complaint

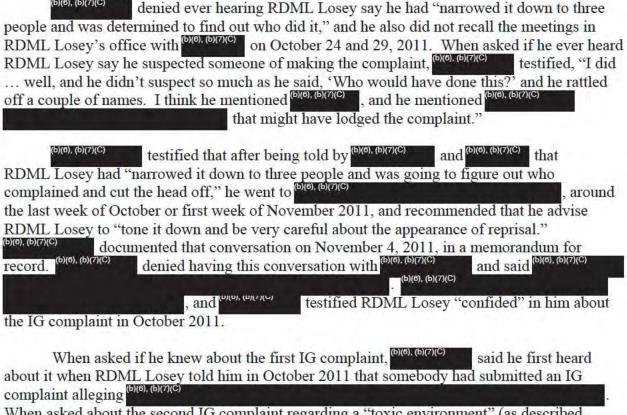


you're not entitled to this ... It's like, I don't understand. Why didn't somebody just fess up to it?"



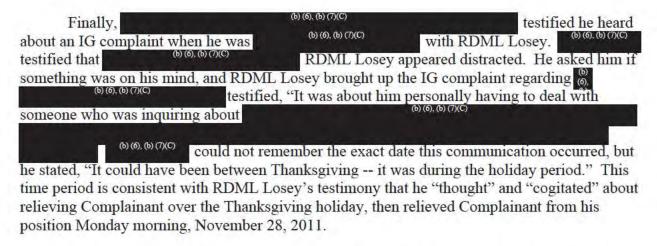
didn't say it, but he said it very clearly." wrote a memorandum for record on October 29, 2011, which stated:

On Monday morning at 0745 prior to his travel on Navy business ... He mentioned the IG complaint that had been filed against him alleging ... He said that he'd narrowed it down to 3 people who could have submitted it. He said, 'I'll find out who did it.'



about it when RDML Losey told him in October 2011 that somebody had submitted an IG complaint alleging When asked about the second IG complaint regarding a "toxic environment" (as described below), said, "when the second one came up is when he told me about the first one. So it would have been sometime in October." However, the second complaint was not made until November 17, 2011.

No other witnesses from RDML Losey's immediate staff testified they heard him say that he suspected Complainant of filing the complaint. However, a preponderance of the evidence indicates that RDML Losey was trying to determine who made the complaint, and he did suspect denied being in the room when RDML Losey allegedly said he had narrowed it down to having any conversation about reprisal with that he needed to warn the boss about reprisal, a conversation he documented by writing a memorandum on November 4, 2011). However, did testify that RDML Losey asked him aloud, "who would have done this" and "rattled off a couple of names."



A preponderance of the evidence indicates that RDML Losey suspected that Complainant may have made the DoD Hotline complaint regarding (b)(0),(b)(7)(C)

November 2011 IG Complaint

On November 17, 2011, AFRICOM IG emailed RDML Losey notifying him that they had received an anonymous letter stating that the atmosphere at SOCAF was at a "toxic" level and that someone should look into the climate. Complainant testified that he did not make the November 2011 IG complaint, and no one testified that they heard RDML Losey mention any names that he associated with this complaint. However, according to RDML Losey was "livid" after receiving the complaint, and he called him into his office and told him to deliver a message to "the locker room" and tell them to:

play nice and wait until I'm gone. Smile. Act like you're going to work ... but if you continue to undermine my authority as a commander, I'm going to bury each one of them. I'm going to come after them and I'm going to make it very unpleasant.

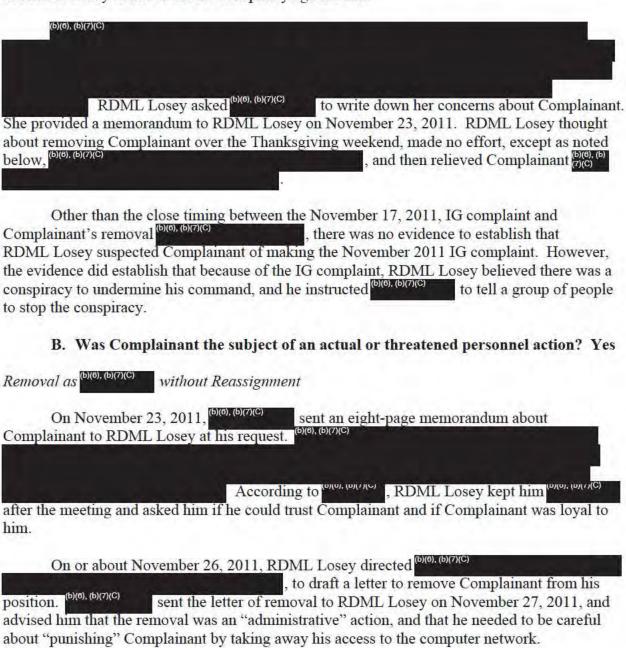


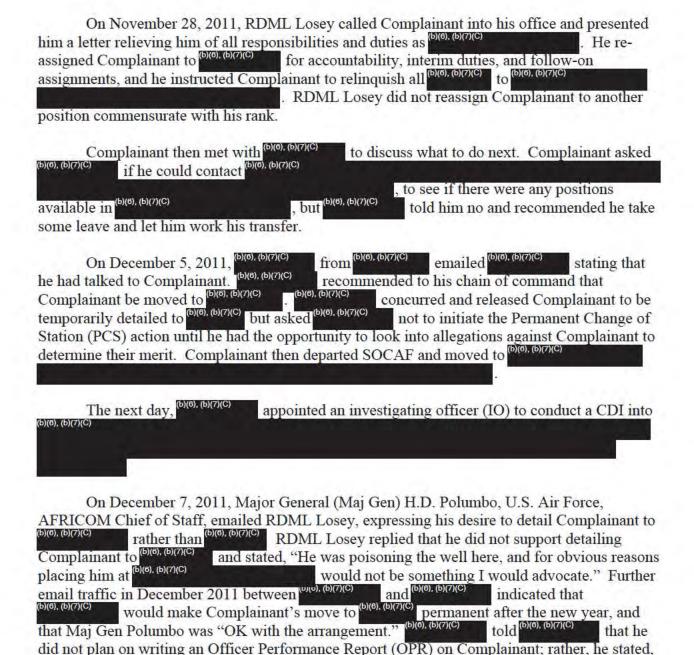
When asked if he had ever used the term "locker room" in regard to those he suspected of making complaints, RDML Losey stated:

The locker room? I don't suspect anybody of anything.... The fact that it was made, you know, my suspicions are irrelevant, okay. I really, you know, I was a little bit confused at the point because, frankly, I thought that the person that was complaining about the issues in [7](C), that would be more likely if I get a rush of stuff coming in about issues in [7](C).

followed by a thing. At any rate, it says do a command climate survey. Got it. Okay, I respect the complaint. Let's go do a command climate survey. There it was. And we don't, you know, on a locker room, we don't have a locker room. That's one of my glaring shortfalls down there is I don't have adequate facilities for what we're trying to do in working with AFRICOM. Locker room is not my language.

We were unable to corroborate whether RDML Losey used the term "locker room," as this was a one-on-one conversation between him and b(c),(b)(7)(c) ; however, according to the DoD civilians at SOCAF we interviewed, [b](6),(b)(7)(c) ; did deliver a message to them on behalf of RDML Losey to knock off the conspiracy against him.





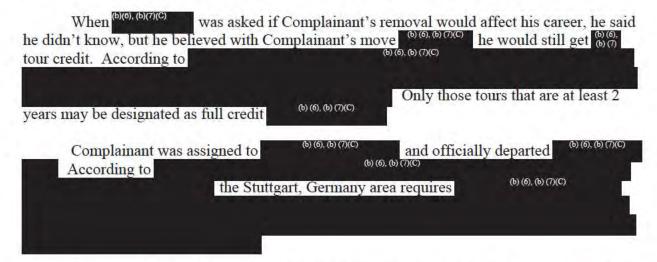
Complainant believed his early removal from his position at SOCAF would hurt his chances for promotion and training opportunities. Conversely, RDML Losey said Complainant's removal would not necessarily hurt his career because RMDL Losey was not going to be writing his OPR. RDML Losey stated that under more positive circumstances, he would normally ask to

"we'll do the CRO [Change of Reporting Official] shuffle."²

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² A CRO OPR is required when an individual is assigned to a new supervisor, and the previous supervisor had at least 120 days of supervision. The "CRO shuffle" refers to manipulating days of supervision to less than 120 to avoid writing an OPR on an individual.

have a hand in his OPR to help "boost" the individual, but implied he felt his hands were tied because "even a lukewarm evaluation seems to be considered a reprisal."



Despite the fact that Complainant will still receive full (C) credit, (b)(7)(C) cred

RDML Losey stated he placed Complainant under (b)(b), (b)(7)(c) for "onward assignment purposes," and Complainant transferred to an appropriate (b)(b), (b)(7)(c) billet within a week.

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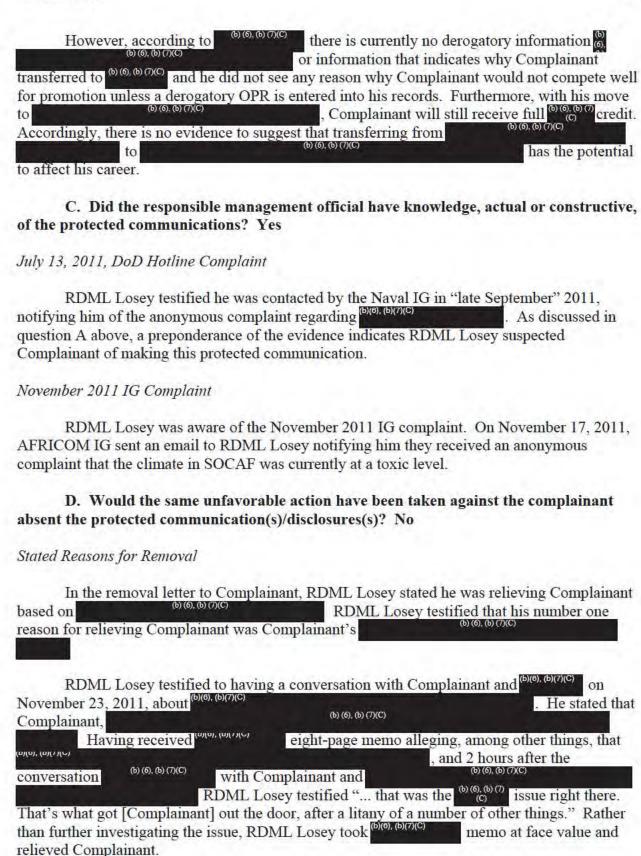
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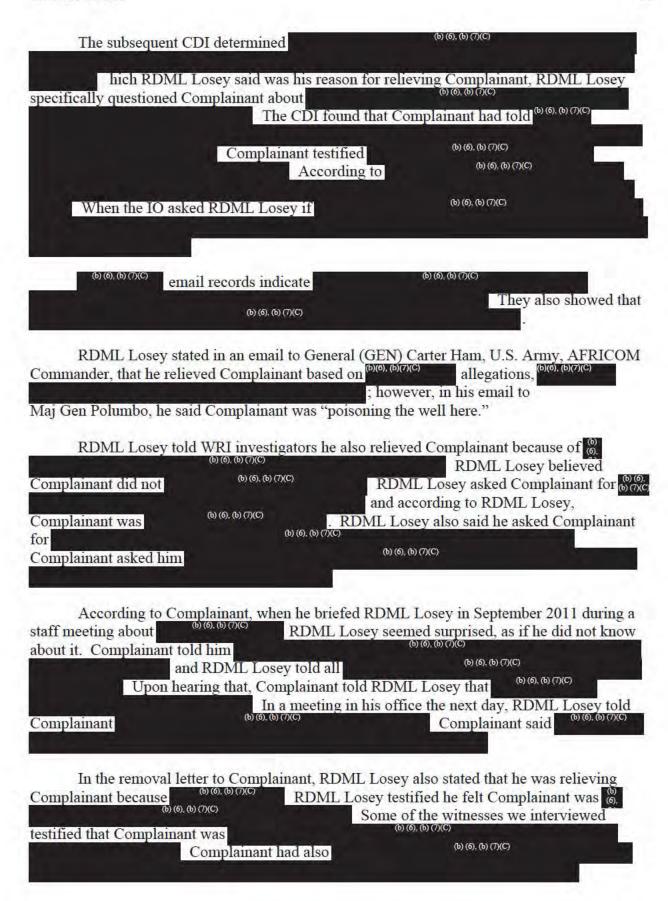
The purpose of the purpose (b)(c), (b)

RDML Losey's failure to re-assign Complainant to another position after removing all of his duties and responsibilities negatively affected Complainant's position and constituted a significant change in his duties and responsibilities not commensurate with his rank. Furthermore, RDML Losey refused to allow Complainant to be detailed to position that would have been commensurate with his rank. A preponderance of the evidence thus indicates that Complainant's removal as with no reassignment was an unfavorable personnel action.

Transfer to (b) (6), (b) (7)(c)

Complainant also stated his transfer to believed his career field would view his move from to believed this move was a "career-ender." was an unfavorable personnel action. He would view his move from negatively,



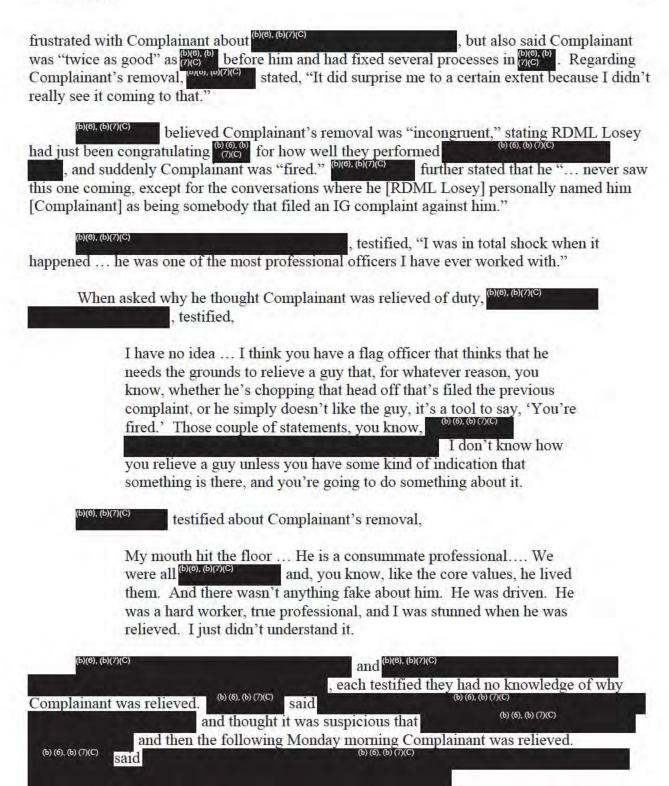


(b) (6), (b) (7)(C) RDML Losey testified, I know what needs to be done here. Let's just get it rolling in the right direction." Weight of Evidence Supporting Removal RDML Losey testified that he is a demanding commander. Most witnesses, who were in SOCAF under his predecessor, Brigadier General (BG) Christopher Haas, U.S. Army, testified that RDML Losey was a much more demanding commander. (b)(0), (b)(7)(C) stated that RDML Losey "praises in public" and "chews out in public." RDML Losey was dismayed with the lack of established processes to guide the command and also was attempting to change the atmosphere of SOCAF to a more mission-focused command: he was hard on all his staff and directors. Although (6)(6), (6)(7)(C) testified that RDML Losey was much harder on and more "direct" , only the two personnel he specifically named of making the IG complaint ((b)(6), (b)(7)(C) and Complainant) were removed from their positions, neither of whom were (6) (6), (6) (7)(C) RDML Losey does have the inherent authority as a commander to relieve (6)(6), (6)(7)(6) from their position, and he did consult (6)(6), (6)(7), who drafted the removal letter, prior to removing Complainant; however, there was no counseling or performance documentation conducted prior to the removal. When asked to provide documentation to show that Complainant's performance had been lacking, RDML Losey had none and stated, "I just gave you the whole testimony." The only derogatory documentation that occurred prior to Complainant's removal as eight-page memorandum, and (b)(6), (b)(7)(C) was Complainant's last OPR, which closed out on approximately a month before the first IG complaint, was written by rated Complainant "#1 of 38 all-star " Absent any documentation of poor performance after that, there is no evidence that Complainant's performance had been considered an issue until after the two IG complaints, at least one of which he was suspected of filing, came to RDML Losey's attention.

Complainant testified that he was "utterly shocked," had no idea what he did wrong to be relieved from his position, and was never provided any reasons other than the removal letter itself. He had never been given any negative feedback, letters of counseling, or letters of reprimand. Complainant said he was confused by the order of events and believed that normally a person is relieved from their position based on the results of an investigation. Complainant said, "I feel like I was removed and they've spent the last six weeks trying to find a reason why."

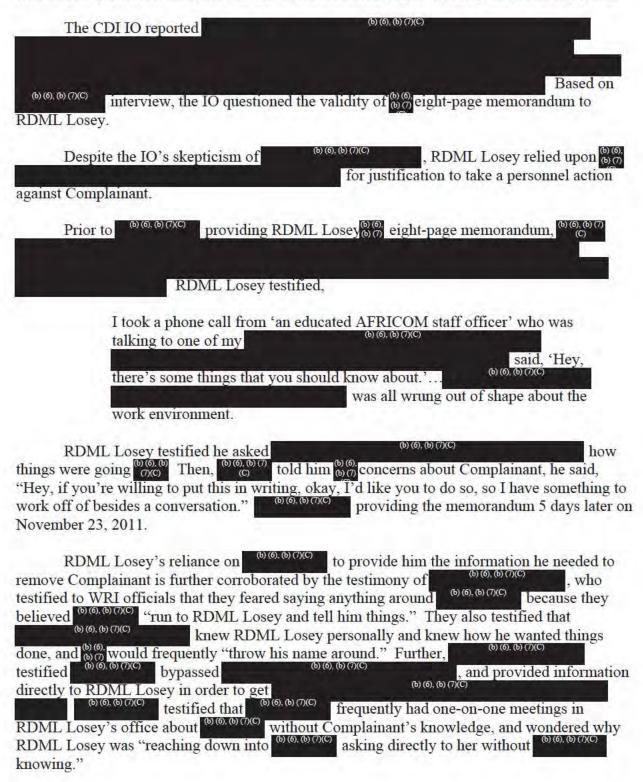
Witnesses also testified that they thought Complainant's removal was surprising. testified that he heard RDML Losey was

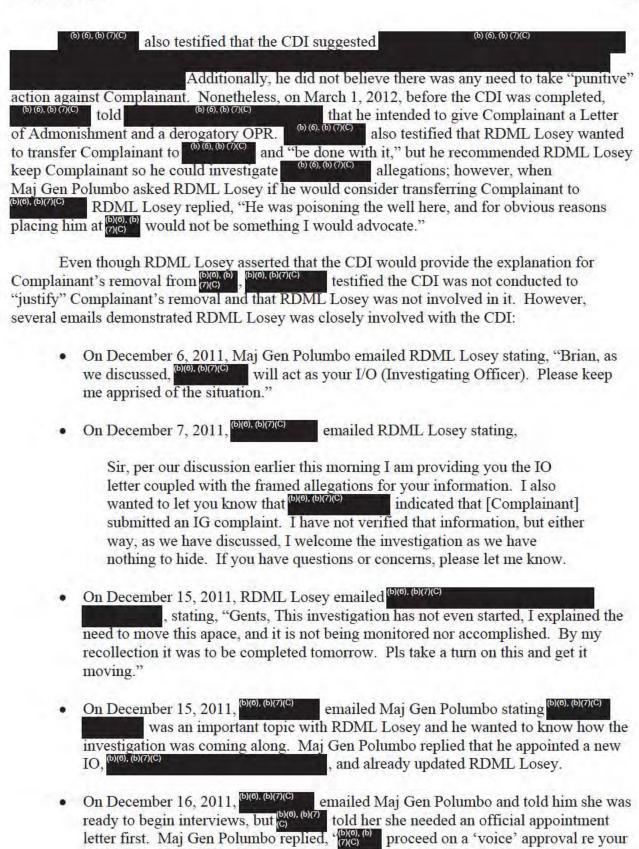




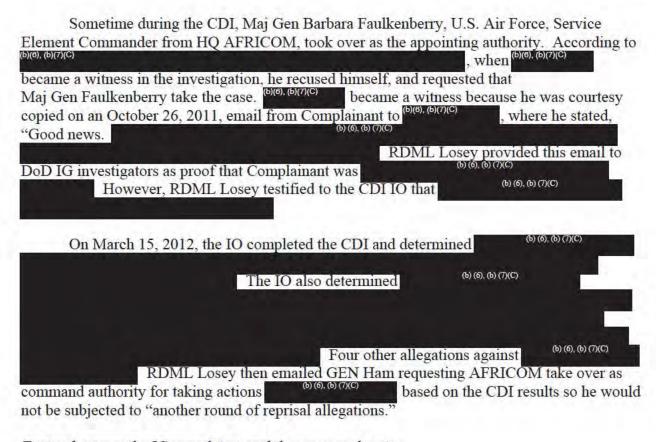
From the time RDML Losey was first notified he was the subject of this investigation, he maintained they were conducting a CDI that would explain why he relieved Complainant. The CDI thus appears pretextual, because it was initiated *after* RDML Losey relieved Complainant.

The allegations were drafted specifically from eight-page memorandum, and RDML Losey relieved Complainant without first determining if the allegations had any merit.





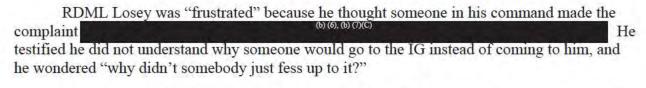
appointment. No delays. I have RDML Losey's ok on this. Press."



Timing between the IG complaints and the personnel action

Motive of RMO to Retaliate

RDML Losey was the subject of two anonymous IG complaints. From late September 2011 when he found out about the first complaint regarding until the time he relieved Complainant, he was upset about the complaints. He tried to identify the source of the July 2011 complaint and narrowed his list down to three people he suspected, including the Complainant.



According to RDML Losey told him the IG complaint was "malicious," and he warned RDML Losey that he could not say that about the IG system.

testified RDML Losey believed the IG complaint was "a cheap shot," and he [Losey] was "very upset" that somebody had called the IG. and both testified they heard RDML Losey say on more than one occasion that he had narrowed it down to three possible complainants and would find out who made this complaint. According to was also in the room. (b)(6),(b)(7)(c) denied hearing this, but acknowledged that he had heard RDML Losey speculate about the identity of the complainant.

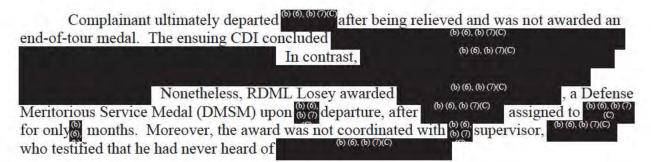
RDML Losey "expects" people to follow the chain of command before going to the IG, and does not consider the IG process a "normal" grievance channel. This was evident in his testimony where he stated:

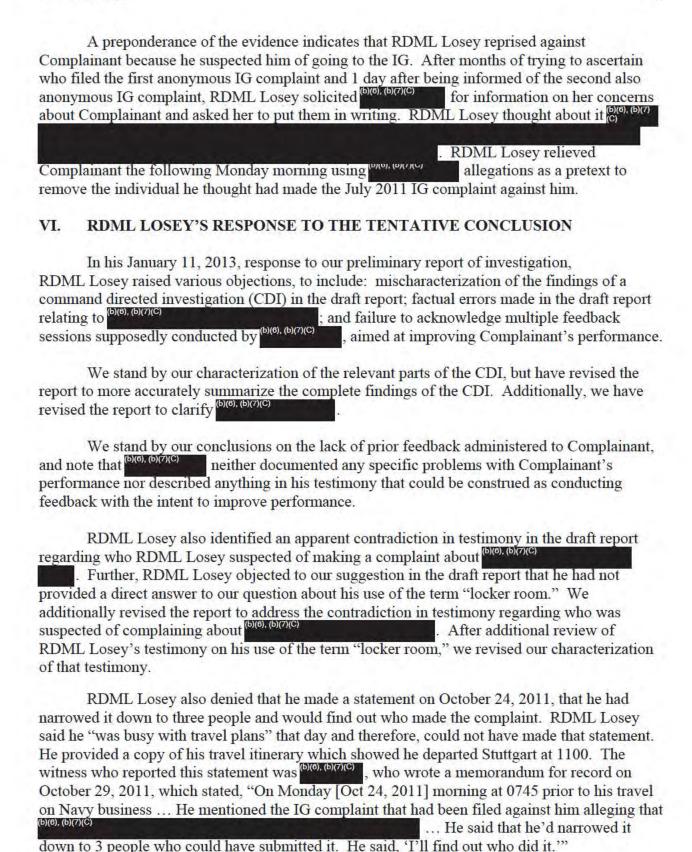
...there is a process out there, okay. I support the process. People want to make complaints, I support the process, you know. I would expect, though, that you follow a normal process leading up to conflict resolution or grievance adjudication. I mean, there's established procedures for that. It normally starts with the lowest level possible. It doesn't normally ramp up outside of an organization without first doing it. Now, if I be perceived as the problem then okay, we have a slightly different course. But do I suspect anybody of doing it? The fact that it was made, you know, my suspicions are irrelevant, okay.

In addition, RDML Losey considered the IG complaint about "frivolous," and he asked the DoD IG investigators if there was anything they could do about people filing frivolous complaints.

Finally, RDML Losey repeatedly attempted to find out the identity of the source of the IG complaint, and expressed a desire to "cut off the head of the snake that did this."

Disparate treatment by RMO





Suspecting Complainant of making the protected communications

RDML Losey asserted that he did not "suspect" Complainant of making protected communications, in part because through deductive reasoning he believed a different individual, was the most likely person to have made the complaint. RDML Losey characterized our reliance on the timing between the protected communication and the personnel action as a "classic logical fallacy." We note that although RDML Losey testified that he believed was the most likely person to have made the complaint, none of the people with whom he discussed the issue named as one of the people RDML Losey mentioned. We have revised the report to remove the reference to timing as proof of RDML Losey's suspicion that Complainant was the one who filed the November IG complaint. However, we stand by our determination that RDML Losey suspected Complainant of making the IG complaint regarding (b)(0),(b)(7)(c)

Placing Complainant in a position not commensurate with rank

Finally, RDML Losey disagreed with our determination that Complainant was not placed in a position commensurate with his rank after being relieved, noting that his reassignment letter to Complainant reassigned him under for "onward assignment purposes." We have revised this section of the report to clarify that while Complainant did ultimately transfer to an appropriate billet in he did so entirely on his own initiative and without any assistance or involvement from RDML Losey.

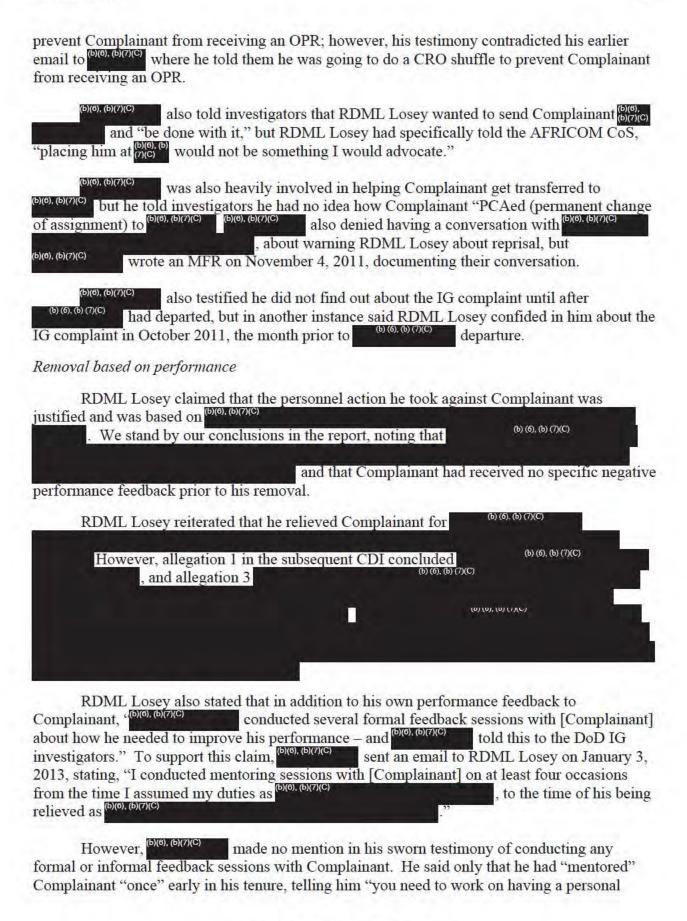
Credibility Assessments

Additionally, RDML Losey identified several instances in which he felt we failed to make necessary credibility assessments or to resolve apparent contradictions in testimony. In particular, RDML Losey attempted to discredit as a witness. RDML Losey provided a copy of a containing adverse information relating to we do not view the 2004 report as relevant to this case, and we assessed credibility, as well as all witnesses, and confirmed that all conclusions reached were based on corroborated testimony and evidence.

Although the names of witnesses were redacted in the preliminary report, RDML Losey opined there were 4 "adverse witnesses" who should be deemed not credible as they were in the group he referred to as and have also subsequently filed whistleblower reprisal allegations against him. We interviewed those 4 witnesses as well as 10 others, who we determined were credible. To the contrary, we found the testimonies of lacking credibility.

With regards to questioned the credibility of (b)(f) eight-page complaint to RDML Losey, and testified the CDI revealed (c)

RDML Losey say he had narrowed his suspicions down to three people, but in another instance testified RDML Losey "wondered aloud" and "rattled off a couple names" regarding who he thought made the IG complaint.



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relationship with RDML Losey." made no other mention of "mentoring" or "feedback." No specific performance problems were ever documented, and testified about nothing that could be construed as "conducting feedback" with the intent to improve performance.

Supplemental Response

RDML Losey explained that this officer was relieved for "far less in the way of performance shortfalls" than was Complainant.

"Disparate treatment" by the responsible management official is a viable element of reprisal that DoD IG considers when evaluating reprisal; its analysis entails comparing the treatment of a complainant with that of similarly situated persons who did not make protected communications. The actions of another in [60,60,60] in 2013, subsequent to all relevant events in this case, are of little evidentiary value to consideration of RDML Losey's relieving Complainant in November 2011.

After carefully considering RDML Losey's response to our tentative conclusion and supplemental information, which did not provide any information that we had not considered, and reevaluating the evidence, we stand by our conclusion.

VII. CONCLUSION

We conclude, based on a preponderance of the evidence, that RDML Losey relieved Complainant from his position as and failed to place him in another position commensurate with his rank, in reprisal because he suspected Complainant of filing an IG complaint against him, in violation of 10 U.S.C. 1034.

VIII. RECOMMENDATIONS

We recommend the Secretary of review review Official Military Personnel File to ensure no harm to his promotion potential occurred as a result of his reassignment.

We recommend that the Secretary of the Navy take appropriate action against RDML Losey for reprising against Complainant.

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